Document number: SDS-Ce-EN 1/11

Established date: 1/May/2023 Document name: Cermet SDS

# Safety Data Sheet (SDS) Standard Form

Established Date: 1/Apr/2021 Revised Date: 1/May/2023

# 1. Identification of the Substance and of the Company

#### Product Identifier:

Cermet (include the coated or surface treated Cermet)

Supplier Information:

Company Name: MMC RYOTEC CORPORATION

Address: 1528 Yokoi Nakashinden, Godo-chyo, Anpachi-gun,

Gifu 503-2301 Japan

Phone Number: +81-3-5252-5381 FAX Number: +81-3-5252-5436

Number: 8:00am to 4:00pm(Japan Time), except Sundays, Saturdays,

National holidays and Company holidays.

#### Recommended Use of the Cermet

Cutting and drilling tools for metallic materials

#### Restrictions on Use of the Cermet

Do not use for other than the specified purpose

#### Attention to the Phase/State of the Cermet

- Cermet as solid state like cutting tools is chemically stable and safe at explosive, flammable, combustible, pyrophoric, water-reactive, and oxidizability under normal environment.
- Cermet is safe for use as the cutting tools (grinding, machining, rolling for metals) under normal condition.
- This SDS informs about the dust, fume or vapor which occur from Cermet producing process such as raw material powder handling and grinding.

#### 2. Hazard Identification

#### The GHS Classification

Some data (such as the burning rate test data, etc.) for the dust, fume or vapor which occur from Cermet producing process are unavailable. Therefore, they are not be classified by GHS.

In here, GHS classification of the each metallic ingredients (cobalt, nickel and chromium) for composing the Cermet can be disclosed. In addition, other hazards and harmful effects (for health, environment, physical and chemical) which are not listed are unclassifiable or non-applicable by GHS.

GHS classification for the hazards of cobalt alone in below, (When cobalt is included as ingredients of Cermet.)

Health Hazard	<ul> <li>Respiratory sensitization</li> </ul>	Category1
	· Skin sensitization	Category1
	<ul> <li>Carcinogenicity</li> </ul>	Category2
	• Reproductive toxicity	Category2
	<ul> <li>Specific target organ toxicity</li> </ul>	Category3
	(Single exposure)	(Respiratory tract irritation)
	<ul> <li>Specific target organ toxicity</li> </ul>	Category1
	(Repeated exposure)	(Respiratory)

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<ul> <li>Hazardous to the aquatic environment prolonged (Chronic hazard)</li> </ul>	Category1
<ul> <li>Hazardous to the aquatic environment Short-term (Acute</li> </ul>	Category1
	<ul><li>environment prolonged (Chronic hazard)</li><li>Hazardous to the aquatic</li></ul>

GHS classification for the hazards of nickel alone in below,

(When nickel is included as ingredients of Cermet.)

(When micker is in	iciaded as ingredients of Cermet.	
Health Hazard	· Respiratory sensitization	Category1
	· Skin sensitization	Category1
	<ul> <li>Carcinogenicity</li> </ul>	Category2
	• Specific target organ toxicity Category1	
	(Single exposure)	(Respiratory tract irritation)
	<ul> <li>Specific target organ toxicity</li> </ul>	Category1
	(Repeated exposure)	(Respiratory)
Environmental	· Hazardous to the aquatic	Category4
Hazard:	environment – prolonged (Chronic	
	hazard)	

GHS classification for the hazards of chromium alone in below,

(When chromium is included as ingredients of Cermet.)

Health Hazard	• Serious eye damage	Category2B
	<ul> <li>Respiratory sensitization</li> </ul>	Category1
	· Skin sensitization	Category1
	· Germ cell mutagenicity	Category2
	<ul> <li>Specific target organ toxicity</li> </ul>	Category2
	(Single exposure)	(Respiratory tract irritation)
	<ul> <li>Specific target organ toxicity</li> </ul>	Category3
	(Repeated exposure)	(Respiratory)

# **GHS Label Elements**

GHS label elements of the each metallic ingredients (cobalt, nickel and chromium) for composing the Cermet can be disclosed in below.

	Cobalt	Nickel	Chromium
Hazard		<u> </u>	
Pictograms:			
G: 1			
Signal		Danger	
Words:			
Hazard	· Risk of causing	· Risk of causing	· Risk of causing
Statements:	allergies, asthma or	allergies, asthma or	allergies, asthma or
	breathing difficulties	breathing difficulties	breathing difficulties
	if inhaled.	if inhaled.	if inhaled.
	· Risk of causing an	· Risk of causing an	· Risk of causing an

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allergic skin reaction.	allergic skin reaction.	allergic skin reaction.
<ul> <li>May cause cancer.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>May cause cancer.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Suspected of</li> </ul>
• May cause adverse	<ul> <li>Respiratory and</li> </ul>	causing genetic
effects on fertility or	kidney disorders	disease
the unborn child.	<ul> <li>Cause of respiratory</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Failure to systemic</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Risk of respiratory</li> </ul>	failure due to long-	toxicity
irritation.	term or repetitive	<ul> <li>Risk of respiratory</li> </ul>
• Cause of	exposure.	irritation.
respiratory failure	<ul> <li>May be harmful to</li> </ul>	
due to long-term or	aquatic life due to	
repetitive exposure.	long lasting effects	
<ul> <li>May be harmful to</li> </ul>		
aquatic life due to		

# Precautionary Statements:

### [Prevention]

long lasting effects

- ·Obtain safety instructions\* before use.
- •Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
- ·Use appropriate personal protection and ventilation system keeping away from exposure.
- ·Wear suitable protective gloves.
- ·When insufficient ventilation, wear respirator as required.
- ·Do not breathe dust, fume or vapor.
- ·Do not eat, drink or smoke in handling area.
- ·Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
- ·Do not release into the environment.

#### [Responses]

- · If inhaled, move to fresh air and take a rest with posture easy to breathe.
- · If respiratory symptoms occurs, contact a doctor.
- ·When feeling ill, get medical advice/attention.
- ·Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.
- ·If on skin, rinse away immediately with a large amount of water and soap.
- ·If skin irritation occurs, contact a doctor and get medical advice/attention.
- · If exposed or concerned, get medical advice/attention.
- · If dust is in eyes, immediately wash away with clean water (remove the contact lenses if possible). If irritation persists, get medical advice/attention.
- $\cdot$  If a large amount of dust is swallowed, get medical advice/attention after ingesting plenty of water to dilute.

# [Storage]

- ·Avoid sudden changes of temperature and high humidity for storage. [Disposal]
- $\cdot$  Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant under the laws.

# 3. Composition/Information on Ingredients

<sup>\*</sup>For safety instructions, refer to the Japan Cutting & Wear-resistant Tool Association website (<a href="http://www.jta-tool.jp/">http://www.jta-tool.jp/</a>) .

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- Distinction between substance and mixture: Mixture (alloy)
- Chemical name or general name: Cermet
- Cermet may be coated or surface treated with the following substances.
   AlCrN, AlN, Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>, Cr<sub>3</sub>C<sub>2</sub>, CrN, MoS<sub>2</sub>, Ti(B,C,N), TiC, TiCN, TiN, (Ti,Si)N, (Ti,Zr)N, WC, (Al,M)N, M: M represents one or more metal elements selected from the group consisting of Ti, Si, Cr, Nb, Mo, W, Y, and Zr

• Ingredients and concentration or concentration range (composition) of the Cermet.

ingredients and concentration of concentration range (composition) of the Cermet.					CI IIICU.
			Official	Official Number	
Ingredient	Chemical	CAS No	Number of	of Industrial	Composition
ingredient	Formula	CAS NO	Law for	Safety and	mass%
			PRTR	Health Law	
Titanium carbide	TiC	12070-08-5	N/A	N/A	15-50
Titanium nitride	TiN	25583-20-4	N/A	N/A	0-30
Tungsten carbide	WC	12070-12-1	N/A	N/A	0-30
Tantalum carbide	TaC	12070-06-3	N/A	N/A	0-20
Niobium carbide	NbC	12069-94-2	N/A	N/A	0-20
Molybdenum carbide	$\mathrm{Mo_{2}C}$	12069-89-5	Class1:453	Appendix 9-603	0-20
Zirconium carbide	ZrC	12070-14-3	N/A	Appendix 9-313	0-5
Cobalt	Co	7440-48-4	Class1:132	Appendix 9-172	0-20**
Nickel	Ni	7440-02-0	Class1:308	Appendix 9-418	0-20**
Chromium	Cr	7440-47-3	Class1:87	Appendix9-142	0-5**

<sup>\*</sup>For the details regarding the content of the designated chemical material such as cobalt, nickel, chromium, and molybdenum carbide (effective digit: 2), please contact to the above supplier.

# 4. First-Aid Measures

### If Inhaled

- If the high concentration of dust is inhaled or respiratory symptoms (coughs, gasping, shortness of breath, etc.) are experienced, move to fresh air and take a rest with posture easy to breathe. If breathing difficulties occur, administer oxygen inhalation. If breathing has stopped, immediately administer artificial respiration and get medical advice/attention.
- If irritation or rash persists, get medical advice and attention.

#### If on Skin

• If dust is contacted with skin, take off contaminated clothing and rinse the affected area with soapy water thoroughly. If irritation or rash persists, get medical advice/attention.

#### If in Eyes

• If dust is in eyes, immediately wash away with clean water (remove the contact lenses if possible). If irritation persists, get medical advice/attention.

#### If Swallowed

• If a large amount of dust is swallowed, get medical advice/attention after ingesting plenty of water to dilute.

# 5. Fire-Fighting Measures

# Suitable Extinguishing Media and Unsuitable Extinguishing Media

• To extinguish the fire of dust, use dry sand, expanded vermiculite, dilatable perlite, ABC type (general, oil, electric fire) powder extinguishers or water (no water allowed for the dust containing cut powders of light metal such as magnesium and aluminum).

# Special Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures for Fire-Fighters

• In fighting a fire, wear a protective clothing, dust-proof respirator or respiratory

<sup>\*</sup>Even if the cemented carbide do not contain cobalt, nickel, chromium as an active ingredient may include cobalt, nickel, chromium as an impurity.

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protective equipment.

#### 6. Accidental Release Measures

# Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment, and Emergency Procedures

• It is recommended that someone who cleans dust should wear clothing and respiratory protective equipment to minimize exposure.

# **Environmental Precautions**

• Dispose of dust as industrial wastes and prevent release in water systems.

# Containment and Cleanup Methods and Equipment

• If there is dust which occur from Cermet producing process, isolate the area and remove with a cleaner equipped with a filter which can take up fine particles very efficiently. If appropriate removing methods are not available, sweep with water sprayers or wet mops.

# 7. Handling and Storage

# Handling

#### ■ Technical Measures

• If the disperse of dust containing cobalt or nickel is concerned, provide local exhaust ventilation and use personal protective equipment to minimize exposure to human body.

### ■ Precautions for Safe Handling

- Obtain safety instructions before use.
- Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

#### ■ Contact Avoidance

- Take measures described in "Exposure Controls/Personal Protection."
- Do not breathe dust, fume or vapor.
- Do not eat, drink or smoke in handling area.

#### ■ Hygiene measures

- Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
- Do not release into the environment.

## Storage

# ■ Conditions for Safe Storage

- Avoid sudden changes of temperature and high humidity for storage.
- If storing fine powder, dust, and swarf generated by cutting or polishing, cover them with a cover to prevent dispersal.

#### ■ Materials for Safe Container

• Use materials meeting the specific gravity of Cermet

# 8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

#### **Exposure Prevention**

• Permissible concentration in working environment (reference value)

Ingredient	Chemical Formula	OSHA* PEL* mg/m³	ACGIH* TLV* mg/m³	Japan Society for Occupational Health Exposure Limit* mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Titanium carbide	TiC	N/A	N/A	N/A
Titanium nitride	TiN	N/A	N/A	N/A
Tungsten carbide	WC	5 (as W)	5 (as W)	N/A
Tantalum carbide	TaC	5 (as Ta)	5 (as Ta)	N/A
Niobium carbide	NbC	N/A	N/A	N/A
Molybdenum carbide	$\mathrm{Mo_{2}C}$	15 (as Mo)	10 (as Mo)	N/A

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Zirconium carbide	ZrC	5 (as Zr)	5 (as Zr)	N/A
Cobalt	Co	0.1	0.02	0.05
Nickel	Ni	1.0	1.5	1.0
Chromium	$\operatorname{Cr}$	1.0	0.5	0.5

\*OSHA: Occupational Safety & Health Administration U.S. Department

\*PEL: Permissible Exposure Limit

\*ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists Inc.

\*TLV: Threshold Limit Value

\* Exposure If processing such as polishing and cutting that generates dust, for Limit: ingredients with not indicated value, refer to the exposure limit of the

Japan Society for Occupational Health

\*N/A: Not Applicable

# Facility measures

Provide local exhaust ventilation so that dusts in the air may not exceed the exposure limits in the above table. It is to be noted that management concentration of the cobalt (and its inorganic compounds) is to be  $0.02 \text{mg/m}^3$  in accordance with the working environment assessment standard by Japanese Minister of Health, Labour and Welfare under the paragraph (2), Article 65-2 of the Industrial Safety and Health Act in Japan.

In addition, cobalt (and its inorganic compounds) in the storage or handling, and that to take the necessary action conforming to the Ordinance on Prevention of Hazards due to Specified Chemical Substances.

#### **Protection Measures**

Respiratory Protection: Dust-proof respirators and respiratory protective equipment

are recommended.

Hand Protection: Protective gloves for dust are recommended.

• Eye/Face Protection: Eye and face protections for dust are recommended.

• Skin/Body Protection: Avoid direct skin contact.

Clean up deposited dust on clothing, rags, etc. by washing or absorbing with suitable filters but not by whisking off.

Change the contaminated clothing into clean one.

#### Hygiene Measure

Wash skin thoroughly after handling.

# 9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical State: Solid state Color: Dark grey color

(in case of the coated or surface treated Cermet, the appearance color

is often different.)

Odor: Odorless

Melting/Freezing No data available

Point:

Boiling or Initial No data available

Boiling Point and Boiling Range:

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Flammability, No data available

Explosion Limits,

Flammability Limit, Flash

Point.

Spontaneous Ignition
Temperature,
Resolution
Temperature:

pH: No data available Kinematic No data available

Viscosity:

Solubility: Insoluble

Vapor Pressure: No data available

Density and/or 5.5 - 9.0

Relative Density:

Relative Gas No data available

Density:

Particle No data available

Properties:

# 10. Stability and Reactivity

A grain of dust which occur from Cermet producing process is very fine and under the specific conditions in which the dusts are mixed with grinding oil with low flash point, it is possible to become pyrophoric. If dusts under very flammable conditions are dispersed in the air, it is possible to explode.

The each metallic ingredients (cobalt, nickel and chromium) for composing the Cermet has the following information about stability and reactivity under specific conditions.

Stability and reactivity of cobalt alone in below, (When cobalt is included as ingredients of Cermet.)

Reactivity, chemical stability: Stable to heat and contact with water

Ignite spontaneously in air

Hazardous reactions: It reacts with strong oxidizing agents

It reacts violently with oxygen, and it poses a risk

of fire or explosion

It reacts violently with acid to generate hydrogen

Conditions to avoid: Contact with incompatible materials

Incompatible materials: Strong oxidizing agents, acid

Hazardous decomposition products: By combustion, cobalt oxide and fumes of cobalt

oxide may occur

Stability and reactivity of nickel alone in below, (When nickel is included as ingredients of Cermet.)

Reactivity, chemical stability: It is considered stable in storage and handling in

accordance with the laws and regulations

Hazardous reactions: Metallic nickel is usually stabilized against

oxidation by the oxide film, fresh metal surfaces without oxide film is rapidly oxidized by air. Thus, fresh metallic nickel powder, there is a risk of

ignition in air.

Conditions to avoid: No data available

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Hazardous decomposition products: No data available

Stability and reactivity of chromium alone in below, (When chromium is included as ingredients of Cermet.)

Reactivity, chemical stability: Stable under normal handling conditions

Hazardous reactions: Reacts violently with strong oxidizing agents such

as hydrogen peroxide, it poses a risk of fire or

explosion.

It reacts with dilute hydrochloric acid and dilute

sulfuric acid.

Conditions to avoid: The alkali or alkaline carbonate is Incompatible.

When mixed with air in powder or granular form,

there is a possibility of dust explosion.

Incompatible materials: Strong oxidizing agents, dilute hydrochloric acid,

dilute sulfuric acid, alkali, alkali carbonate

Hazardous decomposition products: During combustion, there can be irritating or toxic

fumes and gases.

11. Toxicological Information

Acute Toxicity:

Skin Corrosion/Irritation:

Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation:

Respiratory or Skin Sensitization:

Germ Cell Mutagenicity:

No data available on Cermet

Carcinogenicity: Group 2A on IARC, as cobalt powder

coexisting with tungsten carbide powder. Suspected to be carcinogenic in humans

(Ref.1)

Reproductive Toxicity: No data available on Cermet Specific Target Organ Toxicity/Systemic Toxicity: No data available on Cermet

(Single Exposure)

Specific Target Organ Toxicity/Systemic Toxicity: No data available on Cermet

(Repeated Exposure)

Aspiration Hazard: No data available on Cermet

## 12. Ecological Information

Ecotoxicity, Persistence, Degradability, Bioaccumulation, Mobility in soil, Hazardous to the ozone layer

Not reported on Cermet

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# 13. Disposal Considerations

#### Safe and environmentally desirable disposal or recycle method

- The main ingredients such as tungsten carbide, cobalt, nickel are rare metal. It is desirable to collect and recycle them.
- For disposal, conform to the applicable laws regarding industrial wastes such as 'Waste Disposal and Public Cleansing Law' and relevant local by laws.

# 14. Transport Information

# **International Regulations**

UN Number: Not applicable
UN Hazard Class: Not applicable
Marine Pollutant: Not applicable

<sup>\*</sup>When transporting a powder of metallic ingredients (cobalt, nickel) for composing the

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> Cermet, there is a possibility that it is necessary to take appropriate action in accordance with the relevant provisions established by IMO (International Maritime Organization), ICAO (International Civil Aviation Organization), IATA (International Air Transport Association).

# **Domestic Regulations**

Land Regulatory Information In accordance with

the Fire Service Act/

the Road Act

Marine Transportation In accordance with Information:

the Ship Safety Act/

the Act on Port

Regulations

Marine Pollutant: Not applicable

In accordance with Aviation transportation information: the Civil Aeronautics

Act

### Special Safety Measures for Transportation and Transportation Method

When transporting the dust which occur from Cermet producing process, make sure that there is no damage or corrosion or leakage of the container, to ensure implementation of the prevention of collapse of cargo.

# 15. Regulatory Information

# Name and Information of Applicable Regulatory

Law for Pollutant Release and Transfer Register (PRTR)

Cobalt: "Class 1 designated chemical substances", Cabinet Order No.132 Nickel: "Class 1 designated chemical substances", Cabinet OrderNo.308 Chromium: "Class 1 designated chemical substances", Cabinet OrderNo.87 Molybdenum: "Class 1 designated chemical substances", Cabinet OrderNo.453

 Industrial Safety and Health Law, Ordinance on Prevention of Hazards due to Specified Chemical Substances

Cobalt: The substances are defined in the Article 57-2 of the Act, and the cobalt is listed by No.172 in Appended Table 9 in the Article 18-2 of the Enforcement Order as "Dangerous or Harmful Substances to be notified their names, etc."

Article 2, Paragraph 1, Items 2 and 5 of Ordinance on Prevention of Hazards due to Specified Chemical Substance, Specified chemical substance class 2, Management class 2.

When the content of cobalt and cobalt oxide is less than 1%, the Ordinance on Prevention of Hazards due to Specified Chemical Substance is not covered.

Nickel: The substances are defined in the Article 57-2 of the Act, and the nickel is listed by No.418 in Appended Table 9 in the Article 18-2 of the Enforcement Order as "Dangerous or Harmful Substances to be notified their names, etc."

Chromium: The substances are defined in the Article 57-2 of the Act, and the chromium is listed by No.142 in Appended Table 9 in the Article 18-2 of the Enforcement Order as "Dangerous or Harmful Substances to be

<sup>\*</sup>When transporting a powder of metallic ingredients (cobalt, nickel) for composing the Cermet, there is a possibility that it is necessary to take appropriate action in accordance with the relevant provisions of Ship Safety Law and the Aviation Law.

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notified their names, etc."

Molybdenum: The substances are defined in the Article 57-2 of the Act, and the molybdenum is listed by No.603 in Appended Table9 in the Article 18-2

of the Enforcement Order as "Dangerous or Harmful Substances to be

notified their names, etc."

Zirconium: The substances are defined in the Article 57-2 of the Act, and the zirconium is listed by No.313 in Appended Table9 in the Article 18-2 of the Enforcement Order as "Dangerous or Harmful Substances to be

notified their names, etc."

# 16. Other Information

#### Other Hazardous Information

The following attention should be paid for dust which occur from Cermet producing process.

- If a large amount of dust containing cobalt is inhaled, blood, heart, thyroid gland, and spleen disorders may result. (Ref.2)
- It is reported that repeated or prolonged contact with cobalt, nickel, or chromium may affect skin, respiratory organs, heart, etc. (Ref.3 6)
- Contact with molybdenum stimulates skin and eyes. Also, inhalation and swallowing of molybdenum may be harmful. (Ref.7)

• For carcinogenicity of metallic ingredients of Cermet has the following knowledge.

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Cobalt metal	ACGIH	A3: Confirmed animal carcinogen with
		unknown relevance to humans.
	IARC	2B: Possibly carcinogenic to humans.
	Japan Society for	2B: The substance has been determined to be
	Occupational	possibly carcinogenic to humans (with
	Health	relatively insufficient evidence).
Nickel metal	ACGIH	A5: Not suspected as a human carcinogen.
	IARC	2B: Possibly carcinogenic to humans.
	Japan Society for	2B: The substance has been determined to be
	Occupational	possibly carcinogenic to humans (with
	Health	relatively insufficient evidence).
Chromium metal	IARC	3: Not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to
		humans.

\*ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists Inc.

\*IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer

#### Disclaimer

The contents of this SDS are based on material and information available as of today and may be revised due to knowledge newly obtained. The values of concentration, physical/chemical properties are not guaranteed. In addition, the precautions described herein apply only to normal uses, and thus safety cannot be guaranteed.

#### Reference URL

Ministry of Economy, Trade and Industry: http://www.meti.go.jp/
 Ministry of the Environment: http://www.env.go.jp/
 Ministry of Health, Labour and Welfare: http://www.mhlw.go.jp/
 Japan Industrial Safety and Health Assoc.: http://www.jaish.gr.jp/
 International Agency for Research on Cancer: http://monographs.iarc.fr/
 International Chemical Safety Card: http://www.nihs.go.jp/ICSC/

• National Institute of Technology and Evaluation:

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http://www.safe.nite.go.jp/ghs/list.html

#### Reference Documents

- (1) IARC Monographs on the Evaluation of Carcinogenic Risks to Humans, vol.86 (2006).
- (2) Food & Drug Research Laboratories, study No.8005B (4.11.84).
- (3) T. Shirakawa et al., Chest. 95, 29 (1989).
- (4) International Chemical Safety Cards (cobalt, chromium, nickel).
- (5) The Guide to Chemical Hazards (edited by Japan Industrial Safety & Health Association)
- (6) A. O. Bech et al., Brit. J. Ind., 19, 239 (1962).
- (7) Chemical safety management data book, (The Chemical Daily Co., Ltd.)

# **Revision History**

First edition	1/Apr/2021	
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